

Metsä Board  
Half-year financial report 1.1.–30.6.2023



## Metsä Board's comparable operating result in 2023 January–June was EUR 116 million

### January–June 2023

#### (compared to 1–6/2022)

- Sales were EUR 1,040.2 million (1,232.5).
- The comparable operating result was EUR 116.0 million (267.4), or 11.2% of sales (21.7). Operating result was EUR 117.9 million (283.3).
- Comparable earnings per share were EUR 0.24 (0.57), and earnings per share were EUR 0.25 (0.61).
- Comparable return on capital employed was 9.3 % (23.0).
- Net cash flow from operations was EUR 142.0 million (95.3).

### April–June 2023

#### (compared to 4–6/2022)

- Sales were EUR 498.2 million (650.5).
- The comparable operating result was EUR 27.3 million (145.9), or 5.5% (22.4) of sales. Operating result was EUR 29.5 million (142.6).
- Comparable earnings per share were EUR 0.05 (0.31), and earnings per share were EUR 0.06 (0.30).
- Comparable return on capital employed was 4.6% (25.0).
- Net cash flow from operations was EUR 15.6 million (2.7).

### Events in April–June 2023

- The average price of Metsä Board's paperboards remained stable compared with the previous quarter and improved clearly compared to the corresponding period last year.
- The demand for fresh fibre paperboards declined due to the decreasing demand for consumer products and the adjustments made to inventories in the value chain.
- Metsä Board strongly adjusted its paperboard, pulp and BCTMP production to match demand. Production volumes were clearly below capacity levels. The associated company Metsä Fibre also adjusted its pulp production.
- The global market situation for pulp weakened. In Europe, the demand for pulp has quickly decreased following the production curtailments imposed on

paperboard and especially on paper. The market prices for pulp (PIX) decreased from the previous quarter in both Europe and China.

- On 17 May 2023, Metsä Board initiated change negotiations on possible temporary layoffs at all its mills in Finland.
- Metsä Board achieved the highest level, Platinum, in Ecovadis's sustainability evaluation.
- The European commission closed its antitrust investigation into the softwood pulp sector, initiated in 2021, as it found no grounds for continuing it. The investigation focused on the associated company Metsä Fibre and was part of a broader investigation into the sector.

### Result guidance for July–September 2023

Metsä Board's comparable operating result in July–September 2023 is expected to be weaker than in April–June 2023.

### Metsä Board's CEO Mika Joukio:

"The market situation for paperboard has changed rapidly from last year. The exceptionally strong demand has reversed, while our cost level has quickly increased. The increase in consumers' living costs has reduced overall consumption and changed purchasing behaviour. The demand for fresh fibre paperboards continues to be affected by the decline in demand for consumer products and the adjustments to inventories in the value chain. Cost inflation has slowed this year, but it still has an impact on profitability.

Metsä Board's second-quarter sales were EUR 498 million, and comparable operating margin was 5.5 (Q2/2022: 651 and 22.4). The quarter was characterised by low volumes in both sales and production. Total production volumes of paperboard, pulp and BCTMP dropped by roughly a third compared to the same period last year. Due to the prolonged weak demand situation, we initiated change negotiations on possible temporary layoffs at all our mills in Finland. The first layoffs were carried out in July, and they will continue in the latter part of the year if required. Despite the decline in sales volumes, the average price of our paperboards remained at the level of the first quarter.

Our sales in January–June were EUR 1,040 million, and our comparable operating margin was 11.2 (H1/2022: 1,232 and 21.7). Our profitability improved in particular due to higher sales prices for folding box-

board, supported by a favourable currency effect. However, paperboard delivery volumes decreased by more than 20%, and those of pulp and BCTMP by nearly 40% from the comparison period. To manage our working capital, we adjusted our production considerably to match the low level of demand. Total costs, excluding pulp, were approximately 10% higher than in the comparison period. In addition, the weakening in the global pulp market has had a significant negative impact on our result this year.

As global challenges in logistics have eased, the volumes of paperboard imported from Asia to Europe have increased again, leading to increased competition. In our main market areas, we focus on customers who benefit from sustainably produced premium fresh fibre paperboards. Our competitiveness is strengthened by reliable deliveries, as well as our service concept, which helps our customers with various packaging challenges such as decreasing the carbon footprint of packaging,

reducing the use of plastic and improving production efficiency.

As we continue to manage our working capital more effectively, we will continue to adjust production, at least in the coming months. In the third quarter, our results will be affected in particular by the weak pulp market and costs related to maintenance and investment shutdowns.

As the long-term trends supporting the growth in demand for sustainably produced fresh fibre paperboards remain unchanged, I feel positive about Metsä Board's future, despite the current uncertainty in the global economy. Our company is in strong financial shape, and we are making long-term sustainable investments in fibre-based packaging materials with strong growth prospects. This year we will complete our paperboard investments in Husum and Kemi, which will increase our paperboard capacity by about a tenth from the current level."

## Key figures

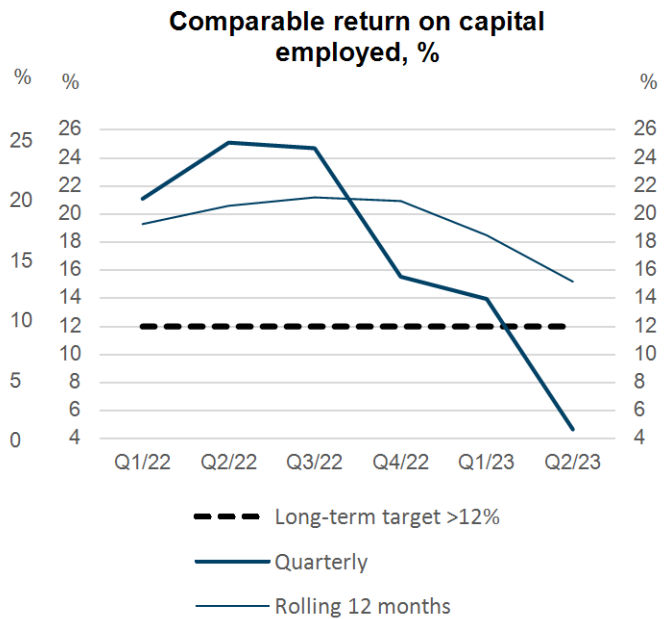
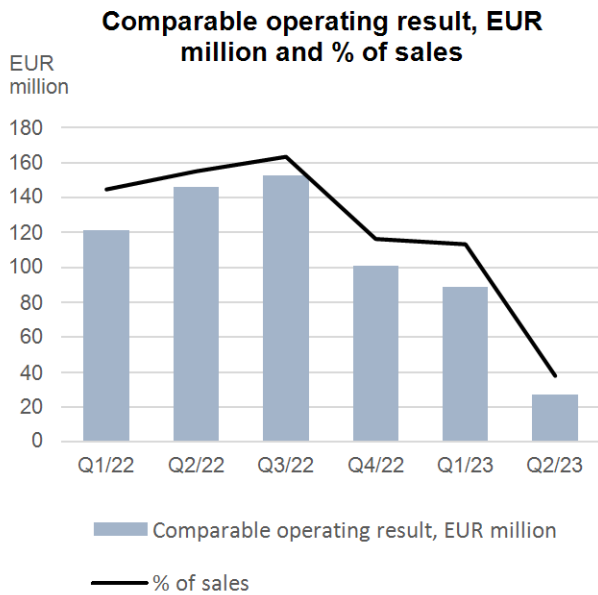
|  | 2023<br>Q2 | 2022<br>Q2 | 2023<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q4 |
|--|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sales, EUR million   | 498.2      | 650.5      | 1,040.2       | 1,232.5       | 2,479.6       |
| EBITDA, EUR million  | 55.0       | 164.2      | 168.4         | 326.1         | 614.6         |
| comparable, EUR million  | 52.7       | 167.2      | 166.4         | 309.9         | 602.8         |
| EBITDA, % of sales   | 11.0       | 25.2       | 16.2          | 26.5          | 24.8          |
| comparable, % of sales   | 10.6       | 25.7       | 16.0          | 25.1          | 24.3          |
| Operating result, EUR million  | 29.5       | 142.6      | 117.9         | 283.3         | 531.5         |
| comparable, EUR million  | 27.3       | 145.9      | 116.0         | 267.4         | 520.7         |
| Operating result, % of sales   | 5.9        | 21.9       | 11.3          | 23.0          | 21.4          |
| comparable, % of sales   | 5.5        | 22.4       | 11.2          | 21.7          | 21.0          |
| Result before taxes, EUR million   | 27.5       | 140.0      | 115.3         | 279.1         | 524.9         |
| comparable, EUR million  | 25.4       | 143.3      | 113.5         | 263.2         | 514.6         |
| Result for the period, EUR million                                       | 22.6       | 118.1      | 98.0          | 238.8         | 461.3         |
| comparable, EUR million  | 21.0       | 122.7      | 96.8          | 224.2         | 451.4         |
| Earnings per share, EUR  | 0.06       | 0.30       | 0.25          | 0.61          | 1.15          |
| comparable, EUR  | 0.05       | 0.31       | 0.24          | 0.57          | 1.13          |
| Return on equity, %  | 4.3        | 25.2       | 9.1           | 25.5          | 22.5          |
| comparable, %  | 4.0        | 26.2       | 9.0           | 24.0          | 22.0          |
| Return on capital employed, %  | 5.0        | 24.5       | 9.5           | 24.4          | 21.4          |
| comparable, %  | 4.6        | 25.0       | 9.3           | 23.0          | 20.9          |
| Equity ratio <sup>1)</sup> , %   | 67         | 63         | 67            | 63            | 66            |
| Net gearing <sup>1)</sup> , %  | 12         | 6          | 12            | 6             | 4             |
| Interest-bearing net liabilities/comparable EBITDA,<br>12 months rolling | 0.6        | 0.2        | 0.6           | 0.2           | 0.2           |
| Shareholders' equity per share <sup>1)</sup> , EUR                       | 5.37       | 4.92       | 5.37          | 4.92          | 5.86          |
| Interest-bearing net liabilities <sup>1)</sup> , EUR million             | 257.0      | 108.7      | 257.0         | 108.7         | 94.5          |
| Total investment, EUR million  | 50.2       | 74.7       | 107.6         | 181.8         | 304.1         |
| Net cash flow from operations, EUR million                               | 15.6       | 2.7        | 142.0         | 95.3          | 232.0         |
| Personnel <sup>1)</sup>  | 2,466      | 2,476      | 2,466         | 2,476         | 2,248         |

<sup>1)</sup> at the end of the period

## Delivery and production volumes

| 1,000 tonnes                            | 2023<br>Q2 | 2023<br>Q1 | 2022<br>Q4 | 2022<br>Q3 | 2022<br>Q2 | 2023<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q4 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Delivery volumes</b>                 |            |            |            |            |            |               |               |               |
| Folding boxboard                        | 235        | 255        | 285        | 308        | 308        | 490           | 615           | 1,208         |
| White kraftliner                        | 118        | 126        | 133        | 146        | 164        | 244           | 329           | 609           |
| Metsä Board's market pulp <sup>1)</sup> | 83         | 83         | 105        | 124        | 152        | 166           | 274           | 503           |
| Metsä Fibre's market pulp <sup>2)</sup> | 132        | 161        | 162        | 177        | 192        | 293           | 379           | 717           |
| <b>Production volumes</b>               |            |            |            |            |            |               |               |               |
| Folding boxboard                        | 208        | 263        | 264        | 337        | 336        | 471           | 671           | 1,272         |
| White kraftliner                        | 104        | 113        | 133        | 147        | 164        | 216           | 325           | 605           |
| Metsä Board's pulp <sup>1)</sup>        | 254        | 298        | 319        | 360        | 362        | 552           | 731           | 1,409         |
| Metsä Fibre's pulp <sup>2)</sup>        | 140        | 184        | 190        | 190        | 171        | 324           | 351           | 731           |

<sup>1)</sup> Includes chemical pulp and high-yield pulp (BCTMP).<sup>2)</sup> Equal to Metsä Board's 24.9% holding in Metsä Fibre.



## Half-year financial report 1 January–30 June 2023

### Sales and result

#### April–June 2023 (compared to 4–6/2022)

Metsä Board's sales were EUR 498.2 million (650.5). Folding boxboard accounted for 61% (55) of sales, while 24% (25) of sales came from white kraftliner, 11% (17) from market pulp, and 3% (2) from other operations.

The comparable operating result was EUR 27.3 million (145.9), and the operating result was EUR 29.5 million (142.6). Items affecting comparability totalled EUR 2.3 million, comprising EUR 2.7 million in capital gains from the sale of a land area unrelated to business operations, as well as EUR -0.5 million in translation differences from Metsä Fibre's discontinued operations in Russia.

Total deliveries of paperboards were 353,000 (472,000) tonnes, of which 66% was delivered to the EMEA region, 30% to the Americas, and 3% to the APAC region. Metsä Board's deliveries of market pulp were 83,000 (152,000) tonnes, of which 72% was delivered to the EMEA region, and 28% to the APAC region.

Paperboard and market pulp deliveries decreased clearly from the corresponding period last year. The demand declined due to the decreasing demand for consumer products and the adjustments made to inventories in the value chain. Metsä Board also adjusted its paperboard, pulp and BCTMP production to match the

low demand level. The average price for folding boxboard improved clearly, while the average prices for market pulp decreased. Exchange rate fluctuations, including hedges, had a positive impact of approximately EUR 29 million on the operating result.

The cost level was higher than in the comparison period. Wood costs have increased due to higher stumpage prices in Finland and Sweden and higher costs in the harvesting and supply chain. The profitability of the paperboard business was negatively affected by higher pulp costs. The increase in chemical costs came especially from caustic soda and starch.

Unused emissions allowances were sold for a total of approximately EUR 20 million (EUR 7 million).

The associated company Metsä Fibre accounted for EUR 5.7 million (45.7) of Metsä Board's comparable operating result in April–June. Metsä Fibre's result was weakened by the decline in pulp delivery volumes and the lower sales prices. The company adjusted its production to match demand. The profitability of the sawn timber business decreased. Higher wood costs also had a negative impact on the result. Exchange rate fluctuations, including the impact of hedges, had a positive impact on the operating result.

Financial income and expenses totalled EUR -2.0 million (-2.6), including foreign exchange rate differences from trade receivables, trade payables, financial items and the valuation of currency hedging instruments, totalling EUR -0.6 million (-2.3).

The result before taxes was EUR 27.5 million (140.0). The comparable result before taxes was EUR 25.4 million (143.3). Income taxes amounted to EUR 5.0 million (21.9).

Earnings per share were EUR 0.06 (0.30). The return on equity was 4.3% (25.2), and the comparable return on equity was 4.0% (26.2). The return on capital employed was 5.0% (24.5), and the comparable return on capital employed was 4.6% (25.0).

### January–June 2023 (compared to 1–6/2022)

Metsä Board's sales were EUR 1,040.2 million (1,232.5). Folding boxboard accounted for 61% (56) of sales, while 24% (26) of sales came from white kraft-liner, 12% (15) from market pulp, and 3% (3) from other operations.

The comparable operating result was EUR 116.0 million (267.4), and the operating result was EUR 117.9 million (283.3). Items affecting comparability totalled EUR 1.9 million in the review period. They comprised a EUR 2.7 million capital gain from the sale of a land area unrelated to business operations and EUR -0.8 million in translation differences from Metsä Fibre's discontinued operations in Russia.

Total deliveries of paperboards were 734,000 (944,000) tonnes, of which 67% was delivered to the EMEA region, 30% to the Americas, and 3% to the APAC region. Metsä Board's deliveries of market pulp were 166,000 (274,000) tonnes, of which 75% was delivered to the EMEA region and 25% to the APAC region.

Paperboard and market pulp deliveries decreased clearly from the comparison period. The demand declined due to the decreasing demand for consumer products and the adjustments made to inventories in the value chain. Metsä Board also adjusted its paperboard, pulp and BCTMP production to match the low demand level. The average prices for paperboard, especially for folding boxboard, improved considerably from the comparison period. Exchange rate fluctuations, including hedges, had a positive impact of approximately EUR 54 million on the operating result. Depreciation increased by approximately EUR 8 million, mainly because of the completion of the recovery boiler investment in Husum.

The cost level was considerably higher than in the comparison period. Wood costs have increased due to higher stumpage prices in Finland and Sweden and higher costs in the harvesting and supply chain. In chemicals, the biggest price increases were seen in caustic soda, which is used in pulp production, and starch, which is used in paperboard production. Energy and logistics costs were also higher than in the comparison period. The profitability of the paperboard business was negatively affected by higher pulp costs. Excluding

pulp, overall costs were approximately 10% higher than in the comparison period.

Unused emissions allowances were sold for approximately EUR 40 million (EUR 14 million).

The associated company Metsä Fibre's share of Metsä Board's comparable result in January–June was EUR 34.3 million (76.4). Metsä Fibre's result was weakened by lower pulp delivery volumes and a decline in price levels on the Asian market. The profitability of the sawn timber business decreased clearly. Higher wood costs also had a negative impact on the result. Exchange rate fluctuations, including the impact of hedges, had a positive impact on the operating result.

Financial income and expenses totalled EUR -2.7 million (-4.3), including foreign exchange rate differences from trade receivables, trade payables, financial items and the valuation of currency hedging instruments, totalling EUR -1.4 million (-2.7).

The result before taxes was EUR 115.3 million (279.1). The comparable result before taxes was EUR 113.5 million (263.2). Income taxes amounted to EUR 17.2 million (40.3).

Earnings per share were EUR 0.25 (0.61), and comparable earnings per share were EUR 0.24 (0.57). The return on equity was 9.1% (25.5), and the comparable return on equity was 9.0% (24.0). The return on capital employed was 9.5% (24.4), and the comparable return on capital employed was 9.3% (23.0).

### Operating result in April–June 2023 in brief (compared to 1–3/2023)

The comparable operating result in April–June was EUR 27.3 million (88.7). The delivery volumes of paperboards and market pulp remained low, and the company adjusted its production to match the demand. The average price of paperboards remained stable, but that of market pulp decreased clearly. Wood costs increased, and energy costs decreased slightly. In the second quarter, several annual maintenance shutdowns took place at Finnish mills, and their negative impact on the result was approximately EUR 10 million. Exchange rate fluctuations, including hedges, had a positive impact of around EUR 10 million. Unused emissions allowances were sold for approximately EUR 20 million (20). Metsä Fibre accounted for EUR 5.7 million (28.6) of Metsä Board's comparable operating result in April–June. Metsä Fibre's profitability was negatively affected by the lower delivery volumes and prices of pulp and the adjustments made to production.

## Market development

The table below shows the market development of paperboard grades important for Metsä Board in Europe and US, and the development of the PIX market prices of pulp in Europe and China. The changes in market prices have been calculated from the average prices of the period under review. Sources: Fastmarkets FOEX, Fastmarkets RISI, CEPI Cartonboard, CEPI.

|   | H1/23 vs H1/22    | Q2/23 vs Q1/23    | Q2/23 vs Q2/22    |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Paperboard deliveries, Cepi members</b>  |                   |                   |                   |
| Folding boxboard, Europe  | decreased clearly | stable            | decreased clearly |
| White kraftliners, Europe   | decreased clearly | stable            | decreased clearly |
| <b>Market prices of paperboards in local currencies</b>   |                   |                   |                   |
| Folding boxboard, Europe  | increased clearly | decreased         | increased clearly |
| White kraftliners, Europe   | decreased clearly | decreased clearly | decreased clearly |
| Solid bleached board, US  | increased clearly | stable            | increased clearly |
| Food service board, US  | increased clearly | stable            | increased clearly |
| -1% < stable < +1%, increased (decreased): +1...+2% (-1%...-2%), increased clearly (decreased clearly): > +2% (< -2%) |                   |                   |                   |
| <b>Market prices of pulp, PIX, USD</b>  |                   |                   |                   |
| Long-fibre pulp, Europe   | +1%               | -7%               | -5%               |
| Short-fibre pulp, Europe  | +2%               | -18%              | -12%              |
| Long-fibre pulp, China  | -12%              | -21%              | -28%              |
| Short-fibre pulp, China   | -11%              | -31%              | -35%              |

## Business operations and their development

Metsä Board produces premium sustainable fresh fibre paperboards, and is Europe's largest producer of folding boxboard and white kraftliners. Metsä Board's folding boxboard is mainly used in consumer product packaging like food and pharmaceutical packaging. The end uses of white kraftliners are mainly related to the various packaging needs of the retail sector. More than half of Metsä Board's white kraftliners are coated. The total annual paperboard capacity is approximately 2 million tonnes, and it is sold to roughly 100 countries. Metsä Board's main market areas are Europe and North America.

In addition, Metsä Board produces chemical pulp and bleached mechanical pulp (BCTMP), which are used in own paperboard production, but also sold as market pulp. The annual capacity for pulp and BCTMP is roughly 1.5 million tonnes. In addition, Metsä Board owns 24.9% of its associated company Metsä Fibre, a global leader in the production of softwood market pulp.

Metsä Fibre's annual capacity for pulp is roughly 3.3 million tonnes.

Metsä Board covers its energy consumption with its own production and supplementary purchases from the market. Most of the electricity consumption is covered by company's own production and by electricity purchased from Pohjolan Voima and Metsä Fibre. Metsä Board has a 2.6% holding in Pohjolan Voima, from which it purchases electricity at cost price.

### Paperboard sales

Metsä Board's paperboard deliveries in January–June totalled 734,000 tonnes (1–6/2022: 944,000).

Deliveries of folding boxboard were 490,000 tonnes (615,000), of which 72% (70) was delivered to the EMEA region, 23% (23) to the Americas, and 5% (7) to the APAC region. Deliveries of white kraftliners were 244,000 tonnes (329,000), of which 57% (60) was delivered to the EMEA region, 43% (40) to the Americas, and 0% (0) to the APAC region.



The decline in demand for consumer products and the adjustments to inventories in the value chain have considerably reduced the demand for fresh fibre paperboards. In the comparison period, demand was very strong due to customers striving to ensure the availability of paperboard. Metsä Board's paperboard deliveries decreased by over a fifth from the comparison period. Sales were slightly better in North America than Europe. However, in South America and the APAC region, paperboard sales decreased notably.

In Europe, the paperboard market's balance has been influenced by the rapidly increasing import volumes from Asia, as global logistics challenges have eased since the pandemic. Moreover, paperboard capacity has increased significantly in Asia in recent years. The import volumes have mainly flowed to Turkey and the Middle East, as well as to areas outside Europe such as South America.

The average prices of Metsä Board's paperboards increased from the comparison period. The average prices of folding boxboard in euros increased by approximately 15%, and those of white kraftliners by approximately 5%. In the second quarter of 2023, the average prices remained at approximately the same level as in the first quarter.

### Market pulp sales

Metsä Board's market pulp deliveries totalled 166,000 tonnes (274,000) in January–June, with the EMEA region accounting for 75%, and the APAC region for 25%.

The associated company Metsä Fibre's total pulp deliveries amounted to 1,179,000 (1,521,000) tonnes. Around 50% of Metsä Fibre's market pulp is sold in the EMEA region and 50% in the APAC region, where China accounts for a significant share. Metsä Board holds 24.9% of Metsä Fibre.

This year, the demand situation for market pulp has weakened considerably in Europe and North America. In Europe, demand has decreased because of the prolonged production shutdowns of paperboard producers and especially paper producers. In China, the economic recovery has not boosted the demand for market pulp as expected. The weaker than expected demand has filled pulp warehouses in both Chinese and European ports. The global supply of long-fibre pulp has decreased due to the limited availability of raw material in North America. Several annual maintenance shutdowns also took place in the second quarter. Many pulp producers have adjusted their production to match low demand. In 2023, market pulp prices (PIX) have declined in all market areas. The decline has been faster in China than in Europe.

### Paperboard, pulp and BCTMP production

The production volume of folding boxboard and white kraftliner totalled 688,000 tonnes (996,000), while the combined production volume of pulp and BCTMP

amounted to 552,000 tonnes (731,000). Paperboard and pulp production has been reduced considerably this year to match the weaker demand situation. In the comparison period, the overall production volumes of paperboards, pulp and BCTMP were at a record high.

In the second quarter, several annual maintenance shutdowns took place at mills in Finland.

### Cash flow

Net cash flow from operations in January–June 2023 was EUR 142.0 million (1–6/2022: 95.3). Working capital increased by EUR 43.0 million (increased of 145.9). The increase in working capital derived mainly from a decrease in trade payables. In the comparison period, working capital was boosted by an increase in paperboard inventory levels and an increase in inventory value due to cost inflation.

### Balance sheet and financing

Metsä Board's equity ratio at the end of the review period was 67% (31 December 2022: 66) and the net gearing ratio was 12% (4). The ratio of interest-bearing net liabilities to comparable EBITDA in the previous 12 months was 0.6 (0.2).

At the end of the review period, interest-bearing liabilities totalled EUR 453.2 million (31 December 2022: 453.0). Non-euro-denominated loans accounted for 2.0% of loans and floating-rate loans for 15.6%, the rest being fixed-rate loans. The average interest rate on liabilities was 2.5% (2.2), and the average maturity of non-current liabilities was 3.5 years (4.0). The interest rate maturity of loans was 34.9 months (36.1).

At the end of the review period, interest-bearing net debt totalled EUR 257.0 million (31 December 2022: 94.5).

Metsä Board's liquidity has remained good. At the end of the review period, the available liquidity was EUR 393.9 million (31 December 2022: 556.2), consisting of the following items: liquid assets and investments of EUR 193.9 million and a syndicated credit facility (revolving credit facility) of EUR 200.0 million. Of the liquid assets, EUR 181.5 million consisted of short-term deposits with Metsä Group Treasury, and EUR 12.4 million were cash funds and investments. Other interest-bearing receivables amounted to EUR 2.3 million. In addition to items reported as liquidity, the liquidity reserve is complemented by Metsä Group's internal undrawn short-term credit facility of EUR 150.0 million and undrawn pension premium (TyEL) funds of EUR 227.6 million.

The fair value of other non-current investments was EUR 346.6 million at the end of the review period (31



December 2022: 345.4). The change in value was related to the increase in the fair value of Pohjolan Voima Oyj's shares.

At the end of the review period, an average of 8.7 months of the net foreign currency exposure was hedged, including the hedging of the balance sheet position of trade receivables and trade payables.

Metsä Board has investment grade credit ratings by S&P Global and Moody's Investor Service. Metsä Board's rating by S&P Global is BBB-, with a stable outlook. The company's rating by Moody's is Baa2, with stable outlook.

## Investments

Investments during the review period totalled EUR 107.6 million (1–6/2022: 181.8), with growth and development investments accounting for 89% and maintenance investments for 11%. Out of total investments, the company's own property, plant and equipment amounted to EUR 106.8 million (156.3), and leased property, plant and equipment to EUR 0.8 (25.5). In the latter, the most significant item in previous year was the machinery and equipment for the boiler plant from the acquisition of Hämeenkyrön Voima Oy, totalling EUR 18.0 million.

### Development programme of Kemi paperboard mill

In 2021, Metsä Board initiated the development programme for the Kemi paperboard mill, which will increase the mill's annual white kraftliner capacity by around 40,000 tonnes. The programme includes a series of modernisation and bottleneck investments in the paperboard machine. In addition, it will reduce the mill's water use by 40% and energy use by 5% per tonne of paperboard produced. As part of the programme, Metsä Board will buy a modernised production line for unbleached pulp from Metsä Fibre. The production line's annual capacity is roughly 180,000 tonnes.

The value of the investment is expected to be higher than the initial estimate of EUR 67 million. The initial value is increased, among other things, by the increased cost level. The additional white kraftliner capacity is expected to start ramping up in the third quarter of 2023, and to be fully operational in 2025.

### Capacity expansion of folding boxboard in Husum

Metsä Board will increase its annual production capacity of folding boxboard by 200,000 tonnes at the Husum integrated mill in Sweden. Following the investment, the folding boxboard production capacity of the BM1 will be 600,000 tonnes per year. The value of the investment is approximately EUR 230 million (original estimate EUR 210 million), taking place in 2021–2024. The additional folding boxboard capacity is expected to start ramping

up in the fourth quarter of 2023, and to be fully operational in 2026.

The investment is expected to increase Metsä Board's annual sales by approximately EUR 200 million and improve annual comparable EBITDA by approximately EUR 50 million. The company expects to achieve the growth and improved result in full in 2026.

Due to the growing logistics volumes of the Husum integrated mill, the port concept will also be renewed. The value of the investments still partly being planned is EUR 20–30 million. The investments mainly target new warehouse capacity, expected to be completed in 2024.

### Pre-engineering for folding boxboard mill in Kaskinen

Metsä Board has started a pre-engineering for a new folding boxboard mill with an annual capacity of approximately 800 000 tonnes in Kaskinen, Finland. The pre-engineering includes technical design, infrastructure and logistics solutions, and tendering for the main equipment. In addition, an environmental impact assessment (EIA) and an environmental permit process are ongoing. A potential investment decision could be made in 2024 at the earliest.

### SAP-ERP project

As part of Metsä Group, Metsä Board is modernising its information systems. The design phase of SAP ERP project started in 2021 and the roll-out is expected to take place by the end of 2025. The project will gradually improve Metsä Group's operational efficiency and ability to create new data-driven functions, primarily for business management and customer support. Metsä Board's share of the total project value is at least EUR 80 million, most of which will be booked as investments during 2024 and 2025.

### Metsä Fibre's Kemi bioproduct mill

Metsä Board's associated company Metsä Fibre is building a new bioproduct mill in Kemi, Finland, which is expected to start up in the third quarter of 2023. The new bioproduct mill will produce annually some 1.5 million tonnes of softwood and hardwood pulp as well as other bioproducts. The pulp production capacity includes the existing production line for unbleached pulp, used in the production of white kraftliner, with an annual capacity of roughly 180,000 tonnes. The new bioproduct mill will replace the current pulp mill in Kemi, with an annual capacity of 610,000 tonnes.

The bioproduct mill will not use any fossil fuels, and its electricity self-sufficiency will be 250%.

The estimated investment value of the bioproduct mill is approximately EUR 2.02 billion, composed of internal financing and debt. Metsä Board will not invest equity in Metsä Fibre to finance the project.

## Personnel

At the end of June 2023, the number of personnel was 2,466 (30/06/2022: 2,476), of whom 1,414 (1,428) were based in Finland. In January–June, Metsä Board employed 2,342 people on average (1–6/2022: 2,372). Personnel expenses in January–June totalled EUR 108.2 million (112.0).

On 17 May 2023, Metsä Board started negotiations on possible layoffs at the company's paperboard and BCTMP mills in Finland. The negotiations involved a total of 1,100 employees. With the negotiations, the company prepared to adapt the production temporarily for low delivery volumes. The first layoffs were implemented after the review period in July. The lay-offs will last up to 90 days and may be implemented in several installments by the end of the year.

## Shares and trading

Metsä Board has two series of shares. Each series A share entitles its holder to twenty (20) votes at a General Meeting of Shareholders, and each series B share entitles the holder to one (1) vote. All shares carry the same right to receive a dividend. Metsä Board's shares are listed on the Nasdaq Helsinki.

At the end of June 2023, closing price of Metsä Board's B share on the Nasdaq Helsinki was EUR 6.76. The share's highest and lowest prices were EUR 8.96 and EUR 6.26, respectively. Correspondingly, the closing price of the A share was EUR 10.30; the share's highest and lowest prices were EUR 13.05 and EUR 9.54, respectively.

In January–June, the average daily trading volumes of the B and A shares on the Nasdaq Helsinki were around 580,900 shares and around 2,600 shares respectively. The total trading volume of the B share was EUR 546 million, and the total trading volume of the A share was EUR 4 million.

At the end of June 2023, the market value of all Metsä Board shares was EUR 2.5 billion, of which the market value of the B shares and the A shares accounted for EUR 2.2 billion and EUR 0.3 billion respectively.

Metsä Board's major shareholder Metsäliitto Cooperative holds approximately 52% of Metsä Board's shares and approximately 69% of votes. As Metsä Board is an entity controlled by Metsäliitto Cooperative, Metsäliitto Cooperative's ownership also includes the 701,215 own shares held by Metsä Board.

International and nominee-registered investors held approximately 8% (15) of all shares.

## Sustainability

Metsä Board is a forerunner in sustainability and advances the bio- and circular economy. Climate change mitigation and adapting the business to a low-carbon future are at the core of Metsä Board's strategy and operational business. The company aims for entirely fossil free production and products by the end of 2030. In accordance with the principles of the circular economy, the company focuses on the sustainable use of forests and the resource efficiency of processes, and in generating as little waste and emissions as possible, and keeping materials in circulation for extended periods of time. Resource-efficiently produced lightweight, recyclable and/or compostable products also provide alternatives to plastic.

### Key sustainability figures

|  | 2023<br>Q2 | 2022<br>Q2 | 2023<br>Q1–Q2 | 2022<br>Q1–Q2 | 2022<br>Q1–Q4 | Target<br>2030 |
|--|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Total recordable incident frequency TRIF <sup>1)</sup>                           | 7.9        | 9.1        | 6.6           | 8.1           | 6.7           | 0              |
| Lost-time accidents frequency LTA1F <sup>1)</sup>                                | 5.0        | 9.1        | 4.1           | 7.1           | 5.4           | 0              |
| Share of certified wood fibre, %   | 89         | 82         | 90            | 82            | 83            | >90            |
| Share of fossil free energy of total energy consumption <sup>2)</sup> , %        | -          | -          | -             | -             | 87            | 100            |
| Direct fossil-based CO <sub>2</sub> emissions, tonnes (Scope 1)                  | 37,210     | 55,485     | 94,983        | 110,136       | 236,037       | 0              |
| Indirect fossil-based CO <sub>2</sub> emissions <sup>3)</sup> , tonnes (Scope 2) | -          | -          | -             | -             | 147,061       | 0              |
| Energy efficiency improvement <sup>4)</sup> , %                                  | -3.7       | +5.3       | -             | -             | +2.7          | +10            |
| Reduction in process water use <sup>4)</sup> , %                                 | -4.4       | -12.3      | -             | -             | -12.2         | -35            |

1) Per million hours worked. The former subsidiary Hangö Stevedoring is included in the figures until February 2022.

2) Reported annually.

3) Market-based, reported annually.

4) Change from the base year of 2018, per tonne produced, rolling 12 months.

Some of the quarterly figures have been revised from the previously reported figures.

### Safety at work

Metsä Board aims for zero accidents at work. All Metsä Board production units comply with the ISO 45001 management system, and the goal of the company's safety-at-work standards is to prevent accidents. Safety at work is developed through proactive safety work, training and investments, for example. The focus areas are personal risk assessment, improving hand safety and implementing common safety standards. In May, a fatal accident occurred at the Simpele mill. The incident is under investigation together with the authorities.

### Share of certified wood fibre

All the wood used by Metsä Board comes from Northern European forests, which are regenerated after felling and where biodiversity is respected. The target is for at least 90% of the wood fibre used by Metsä Board to be certified by the end of 2030.

### Energy and water use, and greenhouse gas emissions

Metsä Board aims to continuously improve the efficiency of energy and water use and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. The vast majority of company's greenhouse gas emissions come from the energy generation required to produce pulp, BCTMP and paperboard. The use of process water and wastewater treatment also

consume energy and thus cause greenhouse gas emissions. By the end of 2030, the company aims to improve energy efficiency by 10% and reduce process water use per tonne produced by 35% compared to 2018. In January-June, production curtailments reduced energy and water efficiency.

Metsä Board's goal is to phase out the use of fossil-based energy altogether by the end of 2030, at which point the company's direct and indirect fossil-based carbon dioxide emissions (Scope 1 and 2) will drop to zero. To achieve this, the company has a transition plan, which includes mill-specific measures and the necessary investments.

Metsä Board's reduction targets for greenhouse gas emissions have been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative and they meet the strictest requirements of the Paris Agreement, which aim to limit global warming to 1.5°C degrees. For the value chain (Scope 3), Metsä Board is committed to 70% of its non-fibre suppliers and of the logistics operators related to its customer deliveries, measured as a share of the total purchase costs, setting themselves targets in accordance with the SBTi by 2024. In 2022, 15% of the company's suppliers belonging to the target group had done so. In 2023–2024, Metsä Board will update its value chain related emission reduction target and also set a land use related emission reduction target (FLAG).

## Other main events

Metsä Board achieved again Platinum level sustainability rating from EcoVadis. With a total score of 87/100 Metsä Board is among the highest 1% of companies assessed in the category of paper, paperboard and packaging manufacturers. In the environmental evaluation, the company scored 100/100.

The sustainability targets and other sustainability topics are discussed in more detail on the company's website <https://www.metsagroup.com/metsaboard/sustainability/>

## R&D and innovation

Key themes in Metsä Board's development work include further reducing the weight of paperboards without compromising on other properties, as well as developing barrier solutions.

Lightweighting plays a key role in the pre-engineering of new folding boxboard mill in Kaskinen, with the aim of achieving world-class resource efficiency and a product that enables a lower carbon footprint. The mill will be based on fossil-free production and significantly lower consumption of wood, energy and water per tonne of folding boxboard produced compared to existing production facilities.

Metsä Board is also running a biobarrier programme, which aims to ensure that the solutions and polymers developed for paperboards are based on fossil free raw materials by the end of 2030. The development of barrier solutions is part of the ExpandFibre programme, Fortum and Metsä Group's EUR 50 million programme promoting the circular bioeconomy.

Metsä Group's innovation company Metsä Spring and Valmet started the production for 3D fibre products at the Äänekoski demo plant. The demo plant produces ready 3D fibre packaging from wet pulp without intermediate phases. The value of the demo plant investment is approximately EUR 20 million.

## Near-term risks and uncertainties

The uncertainty surrounding global development and growth continues. Russia's war in Ukraine, the European energy crisis, rapid inflation and the resulting rise in interest rates have undermined economic growth worldwide and especially in Europe. They have also reduced consumers' purchasing power. If prolonged, the situation may further reduce the demand for packaging material and negatively affect Metsä Board's profitability.

Prolonged cost inflation may affect the prices of Metsä Board's important production factors – wood, energy and chemicals. Metsä Board's main raw material, wood, accounts for more than a quarter of the company's

overall costs. A sudden price increase in wood raw material or individual chemicals would have a negative impact on Metsä Board's profitability. If realised, the electricity market price risk may have a negative impact on Metsä Board's profitability or production continuity. Reduced availability of global freight capacity may result in additional costs or restrict paperboard and pulp deliveries, thereby negatively affecting the company's profitability.

Russia's war against Ukraine has a direct impact on Metsä Board's business through wood and energy supplies. Reduced availability of energy sources replacing natural gas from Russia could affect the continuity of paperboard and/or BCTMP production. The discontinuation of wood imports from Russia has made for a tighter pulpwood market situation in Metsä Group's procurement areas. The limited availability of wood could have a negative impact on the continuity of Metsä Board's production.

The world is also witnessing other geopolitical tensions, and if these are aggravated, they may have a negative impact on the company's business. International sanctions have been imposed in relation to these crises, and they may have a direct or indirect impact on the demand for paperboards and therefore on profitability. Some countries have imposed import duties and other trade restrictions on each other's products. Negative developments in world trade could, if continued, weaken Metsä Board's profitability.

There are also other considerable uncertainties in the global economy. If realised, they may result in weakened demand and reduced prices for paperboard and pulp products. An imbalance in supply and demand may impact the prices of end products and Metsä Board's profitability. Paperboard imports from Asia have increased, especially to Turkey, the Middle East and South America, and if they increase faster than demand, they may cause an imbalance in the market situation in Metsä Board's other market areas. In addition, customers' weaker cash position or slower payment behaviour may have an impact on the company's cash flow and lead to credit losses.

Metsä Board focuses on the active development and growth of its paperboard business. The growth of the paperboard business and the introduction of new products to the markets depend on the success of sales. Increasing sales on a global scale also involves cost and exchange rate risks. In addition, the acceptability and taxation of various packaging materials involve regulatory risks. The business is also developed by modernising the production technology, efficiency programmes, product development and harmonising business processes. If the costs of development projects and investments are significantly exceeded, their completion is delayed, or their productive or commercial objectives are not met, this could negatively affect the company's profitability.

A majority of Metsä Board's production is located in Finland. Finland has a history of labour disputes in both the forest industry and the distribution chain of forest industry products. These may have a negative impact on production volumes and customer deliveries and weaken the company's competitiveness and profitability.

Metsä Board's climate risks mainly concern forests and the use of energy and water. Regulation may steer the future use of forests. Moreover, increased regulation aimed at mitigating climate change and reducing greenhouse gas emissions may increase costs and result in substantial change requirements in production technology. The supply and demand of products in a low-carbon economy may differ from the current situation. Climate change may cause an increasing number of extreme weather phenomena, such as storms, floods and drought, and weaken the availability of the process water and electricity required by mills and result in breaks in production. Extreme weather conditions may also limit the availability of the wood raw material. Should they materialise, climate risks could have a negative impact on Metsä Board's profitability.

Changes in the market price of pulp have a significant impact on Metsä Board's profitability. A 10% decline (increase) in the price of market pulp would have an approximately EUR 40 million negative (positive) impact on the company's annual operating result.

The US dollar strengthening by 10% against the euro would have a positive impact of approximately EUR 80 million on Metsä Board's annual operating result. Correspondingly, the Swedish krona strengthening by 10% would have a negative impact of approximately EUR 50 million. The British pound strengthening by 10% would have a positive impact of approximately EUR 10 million. The impact of weakened exchange rates would be the opposite. The sensitivities do not include the impact of hedging.

The forward-looking estimates and statements in this half-year financial report are based on current plans and estimates. For this reason, they contain risks and other uncertainties that may cause the results to differ from the statements concerning them. In the short term, Metsä Board's result will be particularly affected by the price of and demand for finished products, raw material costs, the price of energy, and the exchange rate development of the euro compared to the company's other main currencies.

Further information on long-term risks and risk management is available on pages 85–88 of Metsä Board's 2022 Annual Report.

## Near-term outlook

The global market environment will remain uncertain, and the outlook for the near-term development of paperboard sales continues to be weak. The increase in consumers' living costs affects purchasing behaviour and the demand for consumer products. The value chain is expected to follow the market situation in its inventory adjustment efforts. In Europe, competition will be increased by the higher import volumes from Asia.

Metsä Board's paperboard delivery volumes in July–September 2023 are expected to remain at roughly the same level as in April–June 2023 (353,000 tonnes). The company will continue its production adjustment measures in line with the demand situation. Paperboard sales prices in local currencies are expected to remain stable in the Americas in the third quarter. In the EMEA and APAC regions, prices are expected to decrease slightly compared to the second quarter.

In Europe, the demand outlook for market pulp is expected to remain muted due to the continued production curtailments in the paperboard and paper industry. In China, a slight seasonal pickup in demand is expected in the latter part of the year. Market prices for pulp (PIX) are expected to remain stable in China and weaken in Europe compared to the second quarter. No significant changes are expected in the demand for sawn timber.

Total costs are expected to remain fairly stable.

In the third quarter, maintenance and investment shutdowns will take place in Husum and Kemi. Compared to the second quarter, their negative impact on the result will be approximately EUR 10 million.

In July–September 2023, exchange rate fluctuations, including the impact of hedges, will have a slightly positive impact on the result compared to April–June 2023 and a clearly positive impact compared to July–September 2022.

## Annual maintenance and investment shutdowns in 2023

The main annual maintenance and investment shutdowns expected in 2023. Changes to plans are possible.

### The main annual maintenance and investment shutdowns

---

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| Q1/2023 | -  |
| Q2/2023 | Metsä Fibre's Äänekoski bioproduct mill and Rauma pulp mill  |
| Q3/2023 | Investment shutdown for folding boxboard in Husum, investment shutdown for white kraftliner in Kemi, start-up of Metsä Fibre's new bioproduct mill in Kemi<br><br>Metsä Fibre's Joutseno pulp mill |
| Q4/2023 | -  |

In the third quarter, an investment shutdown of around 45 days will take place on the BM1 folding boxboard machine in Husum, when the annual capacity of folding boxboard will be increased from 400,000 tonnes to 600,000 tonnes. The investment shutdown is expected to take place from the end of August to the beginning of October.

In the third quarter, Metsä Fibre's new bioproduct mill, with an annual capacity of 1.5 million tonnes of pulp, is expected to come online in Kemi. The new mill will replace the old pulp mill with an annual capacity of 610,000 tonnes. At the same time, an investment shutdown will take place on the paperboard production line to increase the annual capacity of white kraftliner from 425,000 tonnes to 465,000 tonnes.

### Result guidance for July–September 2023

Metsä Board's comparable operating result in July–September 2023 is expected to be weaker than in April–June 2023.

### METSÄ BOARD CORPORATION

Espoo, 26 July 2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Further information:

Henri Sederholm, CFO, tel. +358 10 465 4913

Katri Sundström, VP, Investor Relations, tel. +358 10 462 0101

CEO Mika Joukio and CFO Henri Sederholm will present the interim report in a conference call and webcast held in English on 27 July 2023 at 3:00 p.m. EEST.

The presentation material will be available at [www.metsagroup.com/metsaboard/investors/](http://www.metsagroup.com/metsaboard/investors/) and at <https://metsaboard.videosync.fi/2023-q2> before the start of the conference call.

To ask questions, join the conference call by registering on the following link: <https://palvelu.flik.fi/teleconference/?id=10010168>.

### Financial reporting in 2023

26 October 2023: Interim Report for January–September 2023

## Calculation of key ratios

|                                  |   |   |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Operating result                 | = | Result before income tax, financial income and expenses, exchange gains and losses and share of results from associated companies and joint ventures  |
| EBITDA                           | = | Operating result before depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses  |
| Return on equity (%)             | = | (Result before income tax – income taxes) per (Shareholder's equity (average))  |
| Return on capital employed (%)   | = | (Result before income taxes + net exchange differences and other financial expenses) per (Balance total + non-interest bearing liabilities (average)) |
| Equity ratio (%)                 | = | (Shareholder's equity) per (Balance total – advance payments received)  |
| Net gearing ratio (%)            | = | (Interest-bearing net liabilities) per (Shareholder's equity)   |
| Interest-bearing net liabilities | = | Interest-bearing liabilities – cash and cash equivalents and interest-bearing receivables   |
| Total investments                | = | Investments in owned and leased fixed assets and investments in business combinations   |
| Earnings per share               | = | (Profit attributable to shareholders of parent company) per (Adjusted number of shares (average))   |
| Shareholders' equity per share   | = | (Equity attributable to shareholders of parent company) per (Adjusted number of shares at the end of the period)                                      |
| Adjusted average share price     | = | (Total traded volume per share (EUR)) per (Average adjusted number of shares traded during the financial year)  |
| Market capitalisation            | = | (Number of shares) x (market price at the end of period)  |

## Comparable key ratios

According to the guidelines of the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA), alternative performance measures are key figures concerning historical or future financial performance, financial standing or cash flows that are not determined by the financial reporting framework applied by the company. Metsä Board's financial reporting framework consists of the IFRS standards in the form in which they were adopted by the EU in line with Regulation (EC) No. 1606/2002. With the exception of earnings per share, which have been defined in standard IAS 33 (Earnings per Share), the key figures presented in this financial report meet ESMA's criteria for alternative performance measures.

Metsä Board believes that the presentation of alternative performance measures provides users of financial statements with a better understanding of the company's financial performance and standing, including its use of equity, operational profitability and ability to service debt.

The reconciliation of the comparable key figures is presented in this financial report. Metsä Board considers

that the key figures derived in this manner improve the comparability of reporting periods.

None of these key figures with items affecting comparability eliminated are key figures used in IFRS reporting, and they cannot be compared with other companies' key figures identified by the same names. Items affecting comparability include material gains and losses on disposals of assets, impairment and impairment reversals in accordance with IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", corporate divestments and acquisitions, adjustment measures and other restructuring measures and their adjustments, costs arising from extensive and unforeseeable interruptions in production and the compensation received for them as well as items arising from legal proceedings.

Metsä Board considers comparable key figures to better reflect its operational performance, as they eliminate the effect on the result of items and business transactions arising from outside normal business operations.



**Unaudited condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income**

| EUR million   | Note | 2023<br>Q2   | 2022<br>Q2   | 2023<br>Q1-Q2  | 2022<br>Q1-Q2  | 2022<br>Q1-Q4  |
|---|------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Sales</b>  | 2, 6 | <b>498.2</b> | <b>650.5</b> | <b>1,040.2</b> | <b>1,232.5</b> | <b>2,479.6</b> |
| Change in stocks of finished goods and work in progress     |      | -41.8        | 27.6         | -19.4          | 46.4           | 70.1           |
| Other operating income                                      | 2, 6 | 27.2         | 19.8         | 52.0           | 49.4           | 79.6           |
| Material and services                                       | 6    | -343.0       | -472.7       | -759.8         | -882.7         | -1,824.3       |
| Employee costs  |      | -54.5        | -57.0        | -108.2         | -112.0         | -217.4         |
| Share of result of associated company                       | 6    | 5.3          | 33.8         | 33.6           | 64.6           | 163.1          |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses            |      | -25.4        | -21.5        | -50.4          | -42.7          | -83.1          |
| Other operating expenses                                    |      | -36.4        | -37.8        | -70.1          | -72.1          | -136.1         |
| <b>Operating result</b>                                     | 2    | <b>29.5</b>  | <b>142.6</b> | <b>117.9</b>   | <b>283.3</b>   | <b>531.5</b>   |
| Share of results of associated companies and joint ventures |      |              |              | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0.0            |
| Net exchange gains and losses                               |      | -0.6         | -2.3         | -1.4           | -2.7           | -5.0           |
| Other net financial items                                   | 2, 6 | -1.5         | -0.3         | -1.3           | -1.6           | -1.7           |
| <b>Result before income tax</b>                             |      | <b>27.5</b>  | <b>140.0</b> | <b>115.3</b>   | <b>279.1</b>   | <b>524.9</b>   |
| Income taxes  | 3    | -5.0         | -21.9        | -17.2          | -40.3          | -63.5          |
| <b>Result for the period</b>                                |      | <b>22.6</b>  | <b>118.1</b> | <b>98.0</b>    | <b>238.8</b>   | <b>461.3</b>   |

| EUR million   | Note | 2023<br>Q2   | 2022<br>Q2   | 2023<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q4 |
|---|------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Other comprehensive income</b>   |      |              |              |               |               |               |
| <b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>                                    |      |              |              |               |               |               |
| Actuarial gains/losses on defined pension plans   |      | 0.6          | -8.8         | 0.3           | -5.7          | -4.7          |
| Financial assets valued at fair value through other comprehensive income                        | 8    | -8.7         | -8.6         | 1.1           | 0.1           | 178.5         |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associated company                                       |      | -0.8         | 0.3          | -0.6          | -0.1          | 3.0           |
| Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified                                      |      | 1.5          | 3.2          | -0.4          | 0.8           | -33.9         |
| <b>Total</b>  |      | <b>-7.4</b>  | <b>-13.9</b> | <b>0.4</b>    | <b>-4.9</b>   | <b>142.9</b>  |
| <b>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss</b>   |      |              |              |               |               |               |
| Cash flow hedges  |      | -20.2        | -36.7        | -18.2         | -13.3         | -3.1          |
| Translation differences   |      | -7.9         | -19.1        | -50.9         | -22.8         | -56.3         |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associated company                                       |      | -3.2         | 4.6          | -1.9          | 9.3           | 28.1          |
| Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income                                 |      | 4.0          | 7.3          | 3.6           | 2.7           | 0.6           |
| <b>Total</b>  |      | <b>-27.3</b> | <b>-43.7</b> | <b>-67.3</b>  | <b>-24.1</b>  | <b>-30.6</b>  |
| <b>Other comprehensive income, net of tax</b>   |      | <b>-34.7</b> | <b>-57.6</b> | <b>-66.9</b>  | <b>-29.1</b>  | <b>112.2</b>  |
| <b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>  |      | <b>-12.2</b> | <b>60.4</b>  | <b>31.1</b>   | <b>209.7</b>  | <b>573.6</b>  |
| <b>Result for the period attributable to</b>  |      |              |              |               |               |               |
| Shareholders of parent company  |      | 19.8         | 106.4        | 87.7          | 217.2         | 409.9         |
| Non-controlling interests   |      | 2.8          | 11.6         | 10.3          | 21.6          | 51.4          |
| <b>Total</b>  |      | <b>22.6</b>  | <b>118.1</b> | <b>98.0</b>   | <b>238.8</b>  | <b>461.3</b>  |
| <b>Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to</b>                                |      |              |              |               |               |               |
| Shareholders of parent company  |      | -7.3         | 54.8         | 30.9          | 195.1         | 535.7         |
| Non-controlling interests   |      | -4.9         | 5.6          | 0.2           | 14.6          | 37.8          |
| <b>Total</b>  |      | <b>-12.2</b> | <b>60.4</b>  | <b>31.1</b>   | <b>209.7</b>  | <b>573.6</b>  |
| <b>Earnings per share for result attributable to shareholders of parent company (EUR/share)</b> |      | <b>0.06</b>  | <b>0.30</b>  | <b>0.25</b>   | <b>0.61</b>   | <b>1.15</b>   |

The notes are an integral part of the financial report.

**Unaudited condensed balance sheet**

| EUR million  | Note | 30 Jun 2023    | 30 Jun 2022    | 31 Dec 2022    |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>  |      |                |                |                |
| <b>Non-current assets</b>                              |      |                |                |                |
| Goodwill   |      | 12.2           | 12.2           | 12.2           |
| Other intangible assets                                |      | 12.3           | 5.8            | 5.9            |
| Tangible assets  | 4    | 1,119.1        | 1,045.5        | 1,107.9        |
| Investments in associated companies and joint ventures |      | 562.6          | 493.7          | 614.2          |
| Other investments                                      | 8    | 346.6          | 172.0          | 345.4          |
| Other non-current financial assets                     | 6, 8 | 9.4            | 11.3           | 8.9            |
| Deferred tax receivables                               | 2    | 10.1           | 9.3            | 9.4            |
|  |      | 2,072.3        | 1,749.8        | 2,103.9        |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                  |      |                |                |                |
| Inventories  |      | 487.6          | 447.6          | 506.7          |
| Accounts receivables and other receivables             | 6, 8 | 332.3          | 463.3          | 436.4          |
| Cash and cash equivalents                              | 6, 8 | 193.9          | 350.2          | 356.2          |
|  |      | 1,013.8        | 1,261.0        | 1,299.3        |
| <b>Total assets</b>                                    |      | <b>3,086.1</b> | <b>3,010.8</b> | <b>3,403.2</b> |
| <b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>            |      |                |                |                |
| <b>Shareholders' equity</b>                            |      |                |                |                |
| Equity attributable to shareholders of parent company  |      | 1,906.3        | 1,747.8        | 2,082.0        |
| Non-controlling interests                              |      | 150.5          | 149.6          | 173.2          |
| Total equity   |      | 2,056.8        | 1,897.3        | 2,255.2        |
| <b>Non-current liabilities</b>                         |      |                |                |                |
| Deferred tax liabilities                               |      | 143.1          | 90.6           | 149.5          |
| Post-employment benefit obligations                    | 2    | 10.3           | 11.1           | 10.4           |
| Provisions   | 5    | 2.0            | 2.0            | 2.0            |
| Borrowings   | 8    | 426.4          | 442.5          | 434.4          |
| Other liabilities                                      | 8    | 4.3            | 2.4            | 3.9            |
|  |      | 586.2          | 548.7          | 600.2          |
| <b>Current liabilities</b>                             |      |                |                |                |
| Provisions   | 5    | 3.2            | 1.0            | 4.9            |
| Current borrowings                                     | 6, 8 | 26.8           | 19.0           | 18.6           |
| Accounts payable and other liabilities                 | 6, 8 | 413.2          | 544.8          | 524.4          |
|  |      | 443.1          | 564.8          | 547.9          |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                               |      | <b>1,029.3</b> | <b>1,113.5</b> | <b>1,148.1</b> |
| <b>Total shareholders' equity and liabilities</b>      |      | <b>3,086.1</b> | <b>3,010.8</b> | <b>3,403.2</b> |

The notes are an integral part of the condensed financial report.

## Unaudited consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

| EUR million                                 | Share capital | Translation differences | Fair value and other reserves | Reserve for invested unrestricted equity | Own shares | Retained earnings | Total          | Non-controlling interests | Equity total   |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Shareholders' equity 1 January 2022         | 557.9         | -27.2                   | 118.3                         | 208.9                                    |            | 841.5             | 1,699.4        | 146.2                     | 1,845.6        |
| <b>Comprehensive income for the period</b>  |               |                         |                               |  |            |                   |                |                           |                |
| Result for the period                       |               |                         |                               |  |            | 217.2             | 217.2          | 21.6                      | 238.8          |
| Other comprehensive income net of tax total |               | -10.0                   | -7.3                          |  |            | -4.8              | -22.1          | -7.0                      | -29.1          |
| <b>Comprehensive income total</b>           |               | <b>-10.0</b>            | <b>-7.3</b>                   |  |            | <b>212.3</b>      | <b>195.1</b>   | <b>14.6</b>               | <b>209.7</b>   |
| <b>Related party transactions</b>           |               |                         |                               |  |            |                   |                |                           |                |
| Dividend                                    |               |                         |                               |  |            | -145.8            | -145.8         | -11.2                     | -157.0         |
| Share based payments                        |               |                         |                               |  |            | -0.9              | -0.9           |                           | -0.9           |
| <b>Shareholders' equity 30 June 2022</b>    | <b>557.9</b>  | <b>-37.2</b>            | <b>111.0</b>                  | <b>208.9</b>                             |            | <b>907.1</b>      | <b>1,747.8</b> | <b>149.6</b>              | <b>1,897.3</b> |

| EUR million                                 | Share capital | Translation differences | Fair value and other reserves | Reserve for invested unrestricted equity | Own shares  | Retained earnings | Total          | Non-controlling interests | Equity total   |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Shareholders' equity 1 January 2023         | 557.9         | -64.0                   | 283.9                         | 208.9                                    | -7.8        | 1,103.2           | 2,082.0        | 173.2                     | 2,255.2        |
| <b>Comprehensive income for the period</b>  |               |                         |                               |  |             |                   |                |                           |                |
| Result for the period                       |               |                         |                               |  |             | 87.7              | 87.7           | 10.3                      | 98.0           |
| Other comprehensive income net of tax total |               | -40.5                   | -16.4                         |  |             | 0.1               | -56.8          | -10.1                     | -66.9          |
| <b>Comprehensive income total</b>           |               | <b>-40.5</b>            | <b>-16.4</b>                  |  |             | <b>87.8</b>       | <b>30.9</b>    | <b>0.2</b>                | <b>31.1</b>    |
| <b>Related party transactions</b>           |               |                         |                               |  |             |                   |                |                           |                |
| Dividend                                    |               |                         |                               |  |             | -205.8            | -205.8         | -22.9                     | -228.7         |
| Disposal of own shares                      |               |                         |                               |  | 2.3         | -2.3              |                |                           |                |
| Share based payments                        |               |                         |                               |  |             | -0.8              | -0.8           |                           | -0.8           |
| <b>Shareholders' equity 30 June 2023</b>    | <b>557.9</b>  | <b>-104.5</b>           | <b>267.5</b>                  | <b>208.9</b>                             | <b>-5.5</b> | <b>982.1</b>      | <b>1,906.3</b> | <b>150.5</b>              | <b>2,056.8</b> |

The notes are an integral part of the financial report.

**Unaudited condensed consolidated cash flow statement**

| EUR million   | Note     | 2023<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q4 | 2023<br>Q2    |
|---|----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Result for the period                                     |          | 98.0          | 238.8         | 461.3         | 22.7          |
| Total adjustments   | 7        | -7.5          | -19.3         | -63.0         | 2.6           |
| Change in working capital                                 |          | -43.0         | -145.9        | -151.4        | 3.1           |
| Net financial items                                       | 7        | 87.4          | 61.0          | 51.6          | 2.1           |
| Income taxes paid   |          | 7.2           | -39.4         | -66.5         | -14.8         |
| <b>Net cash flow from operations</b>                      |          | <b>142.0</b>  | <b>95.3</b>   | <b>232.0</b>  | <b>15.6</b>   |
| Acquisitions  | 7        |               | -13.6         | -13.6         |               |
| Investments in intangible and tangible assets             |          | -109.6        | -146.3        | -274.2        | -51.8         |
| Disposals and other items                                 | 6, 7     | 44.0          | 60.3          | 82.4          | 23.7          |
| <b>Net cash flow from investing</b>                       |          | <b>-65.6</b>  | <b>-99.6</b>  | <b>-205.3</b> | <b>-28.0</b>  |
| Changes in non-current loans and in other financial items | 6        | -0.4          | -11.3         | -18.1         | 1.3           |
| Acquisition of treasury shares                            |          |               |               | -7.8          |               |
| Paid dividend   | 7        | -229.7        | -157.3        | -157.1        | -229.7        |
| <b>Net cash flow from financing</b>                       |          | <b>-230.1</b> | <b>-168.5</b> | <b>-183.1</b> | <b>-228.3</b> |
| <b>Changes in cash and cash equivalents</b>               |          | <b>-153.8</b> | <b>-172.8</b> | <b>-156.5</b> | <b>-240.8</b> |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period          | 6        | 356.2         | 524.2         | 524.2         | 440.4         |
| Translation difference in cash and cash equivalents       |          | -8.5          | -1.2          | -11.6         | -5.6          |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents                      |          | -153.8        | -172.8        | -156.5        | -240.8        |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>         | <b>6</b> | <b>193.9</b>  | <b>350.2</b>  | <b>356.2</b>  | <b>193.9</b>  |

The notes are an integral part of the condensed financial report.

## Appendices to unaudited report

### Note 1 – Background and basis of preparation

Metsä Board Corporation and its subsidiaries comprise a forest industry group whose main product areas are fresh fibre cartonboards and linerboards. Metsä Board Corporation, the parent company, is domiciled in Helsinki and the registered address of the company is Revontulenpuisto 2, 02100 Espoo, Finland. Metsä Board's ultimate parent company is Metsäliitto Cooperative.

This financial report has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, and it should be read in conjunction with the 2022 IFRS financial statements. The effects of foreign exchange changes on review period operating result vis-à-vis comparison period result have been calculated based on estimated review period net cash flows in relevant currencies and taking into account the realized effects of foreign exchange hedges.

The same accounting policies have been applied as in the 2022 IFRS financial statements with the following exception:

Depreciation of machinery and equipment during the financial year has been adjusted between the quarters

when applicable in order to correspond with the distribution of the economic benefit of the asset between quarters. Refinitiv FX closing rate has been used as EUR/RUB valuation rate representing market rate at the time.

Amendments to standards applied during the 2023 financial period:

Amendments to IAS 12 Income taxes – Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction. The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption and specify that the exemption does not apply to individual transactions, such as leases and decommissioning obligations that give rise to equal and opposite temporary differences. The amendments have an impact on the notes presented.

Other amendments to the standards do not have a material effect on the Group's financial report.

All amounts in the financial report are presented in millions of euros, unless otherwise stated.

This financial report was authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of Metsä Board on 26 July 2023.

### Note 2 – Segment information

The Corporate Management Team is the chief operational decision-maker monitoring business operations performance based on the operating segments. Metsä

Board's business operations consist solely of folding boxboard, fresh fibre linerboard and market pulp businesses. Metsä Board reports on its financial performance in one reporting segment.

### Geographical distribution of sales

| EUR million  | 2023<br>Q2   | 2022<br>Q2   | 2023<br>Q1-Q2  | 2022<br>Q1-Q2  | 2022<br>Q1-Q4  |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| EMEA         | 331.6        | 402.1        | 702.1          | 792.1          | 1,634.5        |
| Americas     | 136.6        | 176.4        | 279.9          | 324.9          | 646.4          |
| APAC         | 30.0         | 72.1         | 58.2           | 115.5          | 198.7          |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>498.2</b> | <b>650.5</b> | <b>1,040.2</b> | <b>1,232.5</b> | <b>2,479.6</b> |

## Reconciliation of comparable figures

| EUR million   | 2023<br>Q2  | 2022<br>Q2   | 2023<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q4 |
|---|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Operating result</b>                                     | <b>29.5</b> | <b>142.6</b> | <b>117.9</b>  | <b>283.3</b>  | <b>531.5</b>  |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses            | 25.4        | 21.5         | 50.4          | 42.7          | 83.1          |
| <b>EBITDA</b>   | <b>55.0</b> | <b>164.2</b> | <b>168.4</b>  | <b>326.1</b>  | <b>614.6</b>  |
| Items affecting comparability:                              |             |              |               |               |               |
| Other operating income                                      | -2.7        | -9.5         | -2.7          | -28.6         | -28.6         |
| Write down of Inventory                                     |             | 0.0          |               | 0.0           | 0.0           |
| Employee benefits   |             |              |               |               | 4.6           |
| Share of results of associated companies                    | 0.5         | 11.9         | 0.8           | 11.9          | 11.6          |
| Other operating expense                                     |             | 0.7          |               | 0.7           | 0.6           |
| Total   | -2.3        | 3.1          | -1.9          | -16.1         | -11.7         |
| <b>EBITDA, comparable</b>                                   | <b>52.7</b> | <b>167.2</b> | <b>166.4</b>  | <b>309.9</b>  | <b>602.8</b>  |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses            | -25.4       | -21.5        | -50.4         | -42.7         | -83.1         |
| Items affecting comparability:                              |             |              |               |               |               |
| Impairment charges and reversals of impairments             |             | 0.2          |               | 0.2           | 0.9           |
| <b>Operating result, comparable</b>                         | <b>27.3</b> | <b>145.9</b> | <b>116.0</b>  | <b>267.4</b>  | <b>520.7</b>  |
| Share of results of associated companies and joint ventures |             |              | 0.0           | 0.0           | 0.0           |
| Net financial items   | -2.0        | -2.6         | -2.7          | -4.3          | -6.6          |
| Items affecting comparability:                              |             |              |               |               |               |
| Financial items   | 0.1         |              | 0.2           |               | 0.5           |
| <b>Result before income tax, comparable</b>                 | <b>25.4</b> | <b>143.3</b> | <b>113.5</b>  | <b>263.2</b>  | <b>514.6</b>  |
| Income taxes  | -5.0        | -21.9        | -17.2         | -40.3         | -63.5         |
| Income taxes related to items affecting comparability       | 0.5         | 1.3          | 0.5           | 1.3           | 0.3           |
| <b>Result for the period, comparable</b>                    | <b>21.0</b> | <b>122.7</b> | <b>96.8</b>   | <b>224.2</b>  | <b>451.4</b>  |

## Additional information on the reconciliation

“+” sign items = expense affecting comparability

“-” sign items = income affecting comparability

Items affecting operating result comparability in 2023 totalled EUR 1.9 million. They comprised a EUR 2.7 million capital gain from the sale of a land area unrelated to business operations and EUR -0.8 million in translation differences from Metsä Fibre’s discontinued operations in Russia.

Items affecting operating result comparability in 2022 totalled EUR 10.8 million. They comprised EUR 19.2 million from the sale of the share capital in Hangö Stevedoring Ab; a EUR 6.5 million capital gain from the sale of a land area unrelated to business operations; a EUR -5.5 million restructuring of customer service and supply chain management; a EUR 2.8 million valuation gain related to the divestment of shares; a EUR -1.0 million impairment recognised for the Russian operations; a EUR -10.5 million impairment recognised for the Russian operations of the associated company Metsä Fibre; a EUR -1.2 million impairment recognised in the assets of Metsä Fibre’s Kyrö sawmill; and other items EUR 0.3 million.



**Note 3 - Income taxes**

| EUR million                  | 2023<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q4 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Taxes for the current period | -15.0         | -40.7         | -36.4         |
| Taxes for the prior periods  | -0.4          | 0.1           | -0.5          |
| Change in deferred taxes     | -1.8          | 0.2           | -26.7         |
| Total income taxes           | <b>-17.2</b>  | <b>-40.3</b>  | <b>-63.5</b>  |

Taxes for the previous year include the 7.1 million euros of tax support to be applied for in the 2022 taxation of the investments of the Swedish subsidiary.

**Note 4 – Changes in property, plant and equipment**

| EUR million   | 2023<br>Q1-Q2  | 2022<br>Q1-Q2  | 2022<br>Q1-Q4  |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Carrying value at beginning of period               | 1,107.9        | 935.0          | 935.0          |
| Acquired businesses                                 |                | 29.6           | 29.6           |
| Investments to owned property, plant and equipment  | 99.8           | 143.1          | 264.1          |
| Investments to leased property, plant and equipment | 0.8            | 7.5            | 8.1            |
| Decreases   | -1.5           | -3.1           | -5.0           |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment losses    | -49.8          | -42.4          | -82.1          |
| Translation difference                              | -38.0          | -24.2          | -41.8          |
| Carrying value at end of the period                 | <b>1,119.1</b> | <b>1,045.5</b> | <b>1,107.9</b> |

Acquired businesses in January-June 2022 include the tangible assets of Hämeenkyrön Voima Oy.

In 2022 there were an impairment loss of EUR -0.9 million recognised for the Russian operations.

**Note 5 - Provisions**

| EUR million              | Restructuring | Environmental obligations | Other provisions | Total      |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------|
| 1 January 2023           | 4.9           | 2.0                       | 0.0              | 6.9        |
| Translation differences  |               |                           | 0.0              | 0.0        |
| Utilised during the year | -1.7          |                           |                  | -1.7       |
| <b>30 Jun 2023</b>       | <b>3.2</b>    | <b>2.0</b>                | <b>0.0</b>       | <b>5.2</b> |
| Non-Current              |               | 2.0                       | 0.0              | 2.0        |
| Current                  | 3.2           |                           |                  | 3.2        |
| <b>Total</b>             | <b>3.2</b>    | <b>2.0</b>                | <b>0.0</b>       | <b>5.2</b> |

Half of non-current provisions are estimated to be utilised by the end of 2025 and the rest in 2030s.

## Note 6 – Related party transactions

Related parties include Metsä Board's ultimate parent company Finnish Metsäliitto Cooperative, other subsidiaries of Metsäliitto, associated companies and joint ventures. The members of The Board of Directors and Metsä Group's Executive Management Team and Metsä Board's Corporate Management Team as well as their close family members are also included in related parties.

Metsä Board enters into a significant number of transactions with related parties for the purchases of inventories, sale of goods, corporate services as well as financial transactions. Arm's length pricing has been followed in product and service transactions undertaken and interest rates set between Metsä Board and the related parties.

### Transactions with parent and sister companies

| EUR million                               | 2023<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q4 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sales                                     | 64.8          | 84.5          | 197.7         |
| Other operating income                    | 3.2           | 3.4           | 6.6           |
| Purchases                                 | 370.0         | 413.4         | 860.8         |
| Share of result from associated company   | 33.6          | 64.6          | 163.1         |
| Dividend income                           | 0.0           |               | 0.0           |
| Interest income                           | 5.4           | 0.1           | 2.3           |
| Interest expenses                         | 0.3           | 0.5           | 0.9           |
| Accounts receivable and other receivables | 57.1          | 81.5          | 84.6          |
| Cash and cash equivalents                 | 181.5         | 329.4         | 338.6         |
| Accounts payable and other liabilities    | 121.9         | 110.8         | 86.3          |

Metsä Fibre's net result is included within operating result line item "Share of result from associated company" and transactions with Metsä Fibre are included in transactions with sister companies.

Metsä Fibre paid a dividend of EUR 82.8 million to Metsä Board in the review period (58.8).

Cash and cash equivalents include interest-bearing receivables comparable to cash funds and available from Metsä Group's internal bank Metsä Group Treasury Oy.

### Transactions with associated companies and joint ventures

| EUR million                               | 2023<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q2 | 2022<br>Q1-Q4 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sales                                     |               | 0.3           | 0.7           |
| Purchases                                 | 0.1           | 0.8           | 1.7           |
| Accounts receivable and other receivables | 0.0           | 0.0           | 0.1           |
| Accounts payable and other liabilities    |               | 0.5           |               |

**Note 7 - Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement****Adjustments**

|  | 2023        | 2022         | 2022         | 2023       |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| EUR million  | Q1-Q2       | Q1-Q2        | Q1-Q4        | Q3         |
| Taxes  | 17.2        | 40.3         | 63.5         | 5.0        |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment charges            | 50.4        | 42.7         | 83.1         | 25.4       |
| Share of result from associated companies and joint ventures | -33.6       | -64.6        | -163.1       | -5.3       |
| Gains and losses on sale of fixed assets                     | -43.9       | -43.1        | -59.5        | -23.7      |
| Finance costs, net   | 2.7         | 4.3          | 6.6          | 2.0        |
| Pension liabilities and provisions                           | -1.7        | -0.4         | 3.6          | -1.5       |
| Other adjustments  | 1.4         | 1.6          | 2.8          | 0.6        |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>-7.5</b> | <b>-19.3</b> | <b>-63.0</b> | <b>2.6</b> |

**Income taxes paid**

Income taxes paid in 2023 include Metsä Board Oyj's advance tax refund of 34.7 million euros for financial year 2022.

The figure for the comparison period and the entire year 2022 includes -11.6 million euros in tax payment regarding the year 2021.

**Net financial items**

Net financial items in consolidated cash flow statement include a dividend of EUR 82.8 million paid by Metsä Fibre (58.8).

**Acquisitions**

Acquisitions include EUR -13.6 million for the shares of Hämeenkyrön Voima Oy, acquired in January–March 2022.

**Disposals and other items**

Disposals and other items reported in 2023 were EUR 44.0 million in total. They consisted of proceeds amounting to EUR 40.0 million from emission right sales; EUR 3.7 million from sale of non-business related land area and other items amounting to EUR 0.3 million.

Disposals and other items reported in 2022 were EUR 82.4 million in total. They consisted of proceeds

amounting to EUR 29.0 million from emission right sales, EUR 24.5 million from sale of Oy Hangö Steve-doring Ab shares, EUR 12.0 million from sale of G10 shares to Pohjolan Voima Oyj, EUR 9.2 million from sale of non-business related land area; a EUR 4.9 million related to the divestment of shares, a EUR 1.9 million on sale of property ownership and other items amounting to EUR 1.0 million.

**Paid dividend**

Paid dividend in 2023 included dividends paid by the parent company EUR -205.8 million and dividends paid to non-controlling owners from the Husum pulp company EUR -22.9 million. Paid dividend in 2022 included

dividends paid by the parent company EUR -145.8 million and dividends paid to non-controlling owners from the Husum pulp company EUR -11.3 million.

**Note 8 - Financial instruments**

Classification of financial assets and liabilities and their fair values

**Financial assets 30 June 2023**

| <b>EUR million</b>                        | <b>Fair value<br/>through profit<br/>and loss</b> | <b>Fair value<br/>through other<br/>comprehen-<br/>sive income</b> | <b>Amortised<br/>cost</b> | <b>Total<br/>carrying<br/>amount</b> |
|---|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Other non-current investments             | 1.4   | 345.2  |                           | 346.6                                |
| Other non-current financial assets        |   |  | 6.7                       | 6.7                                  |
| Accounts receivable and other receivables |   |  | 287.0                     | 287.0                                |
| Cash and cash equivalent                  |   |  | 193.9                     | 193.9                                |
| Derivative financial instruments          | 2.3   | 37.0   |                           | 39.2                                 |
| <b>Total carrying amount</b>              | <b>3.6</b>  | <b>382.2</b>   | <b>487.6</b>              | <b>873.4</b>                         |
| <b>Total fair value</b>                   | <b>3.6</b>  | <b>382.2</b>   | <b>487.6</b>              | <b>873.4</b>                         |

**Financial liabilities 30 June 2023**

| <b>EUR million</b>                                 | <b>Fair value<br/>through profit<br/>and loss</b> | <b>Fair value<br/>through other<br/>comprehen-<br/>sive income</b> | <b>Amortised<br/>cost</b> | <b>Total<br/>carrying<br/>amount</b> |
|--|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities |   |  | 426.4                     | 426.4                                |
| Other non-current financial liabilities            |   |  | 0.5                       | 0.5                                  |
| Current interest-bearing financial liabilities     |   |  | 26.8                      | 26.8                                 |
| Accounts payable and other financial liabilities   |   |  | 326.2                     | 326.2                                |
| Derivative financial instruments                   | 1.3   | 47.6   |                           | 48.9                                 |
| <b>Total carrying amount</b>                       | <b>1.3</b>  | <b>47.6</b>  | <b>779.8</b>              | <b>828.7</b>                         |
| <b>Total fair value</b>                            | <b>1.3</b>  | <b>47.6</b>  | <b>767.0</b>              | <b>815.8</b>                         |

## Classification of financial assets and liabilities and their fair values

## Financial assets 30 June 2022

| EUR million                               | Fair value<br>through profit<br>and loss | Fair value<br>through other<br>comprehensive<br>income | Amortised<br>cost | Total<br>carrying<br>amount |
|---|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Other non-current investments             | 6.3                                      | 165.7  |                   | 172.0                       |
| Other non-current financial assets        |  |  | 7.3               | 7.3                         |
| Accounts receivable and other receivables |  |  | 399.7             | 399.7                       |
| Cash and cash equivalent                  |  |  | 350.2             | 350.2                       |
| Derivative financial instruments          | 0.4                                      | 52.1   |                   | 52.5                        |
| <b>Total carrying amount</b>              | <b>6.8</b>                               | <b>217.8</b>   | <b>757.1</b>      | <b>981.6</b>                |
| <b>Total fair value</b>                   | <b>6.8</b>                               | <b>217.8</b>   | <b>757.1</b>      | <b>981.6</b>                |

## Financial liabilities 30 June 2022

| EUR million  | Fair value<br>through profit<br>and loss | Fair value<br>through other<br>comprehensive<br>income | Amortised<br>cost | Total<br>carrying<br>amount |
|--|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities |  |  | 442.5             | 442.5                       |
| Other non-current financial liabilities            |  |  | 0.4               | 0.4                         |
| Current interest-bearing financial liabilities     |  |  | 19.0              | 19.0                        |
| Accounts payable and other financial liabilities   |  |  | 417.0             | 417.0                       |
| Derivative financial instruments                   | 2.4                                      | 52.0   |                   | 54.4                        |
| <b>Total carrying amount</b>                       | <b>2.4</b>                               | <b>52.0</b>  | <b>879.0</b>      | <b>933.3</b>                |
| <b>Total fair value</b>                            | <b>2.4</b>                               | <b>52.0</b>  | <b>867.1</b>      | <b>921.5</b>                |

Accounts receivable and other receivables do not include advance payments, accrued tax receivables and periodisations of employee costs.

Accounts payable and other financial liabilities do not include advance payments, accrued tax liabilities and periodisations of employee costs.

In Metsä Board, all interest-bearing liabilities are valued in the balance sheet at amortised cost based on effective interest method.

Fair values in the table are based on present value of cash flow of each liability or assets calculated by market rate. The discount rates applied are between 1.0–4.0 % (0.3–1.4). The fair values of accounts and other receivables and accounts payable and other liabilities do not materially deviate from their carrying amounts in the balance sheet.

### Other non-current investments at fair value based on Level 3

|  | 2023         | 2022         | 2022         |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| EUR million  | Q1-Q2        | Q1-Q2        | Q1-Q4        |
| Carrying value at beginning of period                | 345.4        | 181.0        | 181.0        |
| Total gains and losses in profit or loss             |              | 2.9          | 2.8          |
| Total gains and losses in other comprehensive income | 1.1          | 0.1          | 178.5        |
| Purchases  | 0.0          | 0.0          | 0.0          |
| Disposals  |              | -12.0        | -16.9        |
| <b>Carrying value at end of the period</b>           | <b>346.6</b> | <b>172.0</b> | <b>345.4</b> |

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value have been categorized according to IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

#### Level 1

Fair value is based on quoted prices in active markets.

#### Level 2

Fair value is determined by using valuation techniques that use market information.

#### Level 3

Fair value are not based on observable market data, but company's own assumptions.

The fair values of natural gas and fuel oil derivatives are determined by using public price quotations in an active market (Level 1).

The fair values of currency forwards and options are determined by using the market prices of the closing date of the reporting period. The fair values of interest rate swaps are determined by using the present value of expected payments, discounted using a risk adjusted discount rate, supported by market interest rates and other market data of the closing date of the reporting period (Level 2).

For financial instruments not traded on an active market, the fair value is determined by valuation techniques. Judgment is used when choosing the different techniques and making assumptions, which are mainly based on circumstances prevailing in the markets on each closing date of the reporting period (Level 3).

The valuation techniques are described in more detail in the Annual report.

The most significant asset at fair value not traded on an active market is the investment in Pohjolan Voima Oyj shares classified as a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income. The value of investment is determined based on the present value of discounted cash flows.

On 1 January 2022, Metsä Board acquired the entire share capital of Hämeenkyrön Voima Oy from Pohjolan Voima Oyj (84%) and from DL Power Oy, part of Leppäkoski group (16%). In this connection, Metsä Board sold its series G10 shares, which corresponded to an 84% holding in Hämeenkyrön Voima Oy, to Pohjolan Voima Oyj for EUR 12.0 million.

The WACC used in Pohjolan Voima Oyj share valuation on 30 June 2023 was 5.40% (31 December 2022: 5.42). The acquisition cost of shares in Pohjolan Voima Oyj on 30 June 2023 is EUR 28.3 million (28.3) and fair value EUR 345.2 million (344.1).

The carrying value of other investments as of 30 June 2023 is estimated to change by EUR -12.5 million and EUR 13.2 million should the rate used for discounting the cash flows change by 0.5 percentage points from the rate estimated by the management. The carrying value of other investments is estimated to change by EUR 72.0 million should the energy prices used in calculating the fair value differ by 10% from the prices estimated by the management.

**Fair value hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities as of 30 June 2023**

| EUR million   | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total        |
|---|---------|---------|---------|--------------|
| <b>Financial assets at fair value</b>                   |         |         |         |              |
| Other non-current investments                           |         |         | 346.6   | <b>346.6</b> |
| Derivative financial assets                             | 2.1     | 37.2    |         | <b>39.2</b>  |
| <b>Financial liabilities measured at fair value</b>     |         |         |         |              |
| Derivative financial liabilities                        | 9.8     | 39.1    |         | <b>48.9</b>  |
| <b>Financial assets not measured at fair value</b>      |         |         |         |              |
| Cash and cash equivalent                                |         | 193.9   |         | <b>193.9</b> |
| <b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</b> |         |         |         |              |
| Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities      |         | 413.5   |         | <b>413.5</b> |
| Current interest-bearing financial liabilities          |         | 26.8    |         | <b>26.8</b>  |

**Fair value hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities as of 30 June 2022**

| EUR million   | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total        |
|---|---------|---------|---------|--------------|
| <b>Financial assets at fair value</b>                   |         |         |         |              |
| Other non-current investments                           |         |         | 172.0   | <b>172.0</b> |
| Derivative financial assets                             | 13.8    | 38.7    |         | <b>52.5</b>  |
| <b>Financial liabilities measured at fair value</b>     |         |         |         |              |
| Derivative financial liabilities                        | 0.2     | 54.2    |         | <b>54.4</b>  |
| <b>Financial assets not measured at fair value</b>      |         |         |         |              |
| Cash and cash equivalent                                |         | 350.1   |         | <b>350.1</b> |
| <b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value</b> |         |         |         |              |
| Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities      |         | 430.4   |         | <b>430.4</b> |
| Current interest-bearing financial liabilities          |         | 19.2    |         | <b>19.2</b>  |



## Derivatives 30 June 2023

| EUR million                      | Nominal<br>value | Fair value           |                           |                   | Fair value                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---|--|
|                                  |                  | Derivative<br>assets | Derivative<br>liabilities | Fair value<br>net | Fair value<br>through<br>profit and<br>loss | Fair value<br>through<br>other com-<br>prehen-<br>sive in-<br>come |
| Interest rate swaps              | 50.0             | 2.7                  |                           | 2.7               |   | 2.7  |
| <b>Interest rate derivatives</b> | <b>50.0</b>      | <b>2.7</b>           |                           | <b>2.7</b>        |   | <b>2.7</b>   |
| Currency forward contracts       | 2,041.3          | 33.3                 | 38.5                      | -5.3              | -0.1  | -5.2   |
| Currency option contracts        | 499.3            | 1.2                  | 0.5                       | 0.7               |   | 0.7  |
| <b>Currency derivatives</b>      | <b>2,540.6</b>   | <b>34.5</b>          | <b>39.1</b>               | <b>-4.6</b>       | <b>-0.1</b>                                 | <b>-4.5</b>  |
| Oil derivatives                  | 25.3             | 0.2                  | 3.0                       | -2.8              |   | -2.8   |
| Natural gas derivatives          | 22.4             | 1.9                  | 6.9                       | -5.0              | 1.1   | -6.0   |
| <b>Commodity derivatives</b>     | <b>47.7</b>      | <b>2.1</b>           | <b>9.8</b>                | <b>-7.8</b>       | <b>1.1</b>                                  | <b>-8.8</b>  |
| <b>Derivatives total</b>         | <b>2,638.3</b>   | <b>39.2</b>          | <b>48.9</b>               | <b>-9.7</b>       | <b>1.0</b>                                  | <b>-10.6</b>   |

## Derivatives 30 June 2022

| EUR million                         | Nominal<br>value | Fair value           |                           |                   | Fair value                                  |  |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---|--|
|                                     |                  | Derivative<br>assets | Derivative<br>liabilities | Fair value<br>net | Fair value<br>through<br>profit and<br>loss | Fair value<br>through<br>other com-<br>prehen-<br>sive in-<br>come |
| Interest rate swaps                 | 100.0            | 1.3                  | -0.1                      | 1.4               |   | 1.2  |
| <b>Interest rate derivatives</b>    | <b>100.0</b>     | <b>1.3</b>           | <b>-0.1</b>               | <b>1.4</b>        |   | <b>1.2</b>   |
| Currency forward contracts          | 1,485.4          | 6.2                  | 51.1                      | -44.9             | -1.9  | -43.0  |
| Currency option contracts           | 231.1            | 0.4                  | 1.7                       | -1.3              |   | -1.3   |
| <b>Currency derivatives</b>         | <b>1,716.5</b>   | <b>6.6</b>           | <b>52.8</b>               | <b>-46.2</b>      | <b>-1.9</b>                                 | <b>-44.3</b>   |
| Electricity derivatives             | 0.5              | 2.5                  |                           | 2.5               |   | 2.5  |
| Oil derivatives                     | 31.6             | 10.6                 | 0.2                       | 10.4              |   | 10.4   |
| Natural gas and propane derivatives | 32.4             | 31.6                 | 1.4                       | 30.2              |   | 30.2   |
| <b>Commodity derivatives</b>        | <b>64.5</b>      | <b>44.6</b>          | <b>1.6</b>                | <b>43.0</b>       |   | <b>43.0</b>  |
| <b>Derivatives total</b>            | <b>1,881.0</b>   | <b>52.5</b>          | <b>54.4</b>               | <b>-1.9</b>       | <b>-1.9</b>                                 | <b>-0.1</b>  |

**Note 9 - Commitments and guarantees**

| EUR million                        | 30 Jun 2023 | 30 Jun 2022 | 31 Dec 2022 |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Guarantees and counter-indemnities | 1.6         | 1.5         | 1.5         |
| Other Commitments                  | 3.8         |             | 3.8         |
| <b>Total</b>                       | <b>5.4</b>  | <b>1.5</b>  | <b>5.3</b>  |

**Commitments related to property, plant and equipment**

| EUR million                         | 30 Jun 2023 | 30 Jun 2022 | 31 Dec 2022  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Payments due in following 12 months | 96.0        | 54.3        | 132.0        |
| Payments due later                  | 1.5         | 2.1         | 1.6          |
| <b>Total</b>                        | <b>97.5</b> | <b>56.4</b> | <b>133.5</b> |

Commitments related to property, plant and equipment concern mainly the first phase completion of the modernisation of the Husum pulp mill, an investment to increase Husum's folding boxboard capacity and a development program of the Kemi mill.